Description
Deutetrabenazine (Austedo®) is a vesicular monoamine transporter 2 (VMAT2) inhibitor.

FDA Approved Indication(s)
Austedo is indicated for the treatment of:
- Chorea associated with Huntington’s disease
- Tardive dyskinesia (TD) in adults

Policy/Criteria
Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation® that Austedo is medically necessary when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria
   A. Chorea Associated with Huntington Disease (must meet all):
      1. Diagnosis of chorea associated with Huntington disease;
      2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist;
      3. Age ≥ 18 years;
      4. Targeted mutation analysis demonstrates a cytosine-adenine-guanine (CAG) trinucleotide expansion of ≥ 36 repeats in the huntingtin (HTT) gene;
      5. Evidence of chorea is supported by a Unified Huntington Disease Rating Scale (UHDRS) score ranging from 1 to 4 on any one of chorea items 1 through 7 (see Appendix D);
      6. Failure of tetrabenazine (e.g., no improvement on any one of UHDRS chorea items 1 through 7) at up to 100 mg per day, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
      7. Austedo is not prescribed concurrently with tetrabenazine or Ingrezza®;
      8. Dose does not exceed 48 mg per day.

   Approval duration: 6 months

   B. Tardive Dyskinesia (must meet all):
      1. Diagnosis of TD secondary to treatment with a centrally acting dopamine receptor blocking agent (DRBA) (see Appendix G);
      2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a psychiatrist or neurologist;
      3. Age ≥ 18 years;
4. Evidence of moderate to severe TD is supported by an Abnormal Involuntary Movement Scale (AIMS) score of 3 or 4 on any one of items 1 through 9 (see Appendix H);
5. Failure of tetrabenazine (e.g., no improvement on any one of AIMS items 1 through 9) at up to 200 mg per day, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. Austedo is not prescribed concurrently with tetrabenazine or Ingrezza;
7. Dose does not exceed 48 mg per day.

**Approval duration:** 6 months

**C. Other diagnoses/indications**
1. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

**II. Continued Therapy**

**A. All Indications in Section I (must meet all):**
1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
2. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
   a. For Huntington disease: Member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by a reduction since baseline in any one of UHDRS chorea items 1 through 7 (see Appendix D);
   b. For TD: Member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by a reduction since baseline in any one of AIMS items 1 through 9 (see Appendix H);
3. Austedo is not prescribed concurrently with tetrabenazine or Ingrezza;
4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed 48 mg per day.

**Approval duration:** 12 months

**B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):**
1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy.

**Approval duration:** Duration of request or 6 months (whichever is less); or
2. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

**III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:**
A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid or evidence of coverage documents.

**IV. Appendices/General Information**

*Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key*

AAN: American Academy of Neurology  
AIMS: Abnormal Involuntary Movement Scale
Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Drug Name</th>
<th>Dosing Regimen</th>
<th>Dose Limit/Maximum Dose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>tetrabenazine (Xenazine®)</td>
<td>Huntington’s Chorea 12.5 mg PO QD for 1 week, then 12.5 mg BID, then titrated by 12.5 mg weekly to a tolerated dose up to maximum of 50 mg/day (100 mg/day for CYP2D6 intermediate or extensive metabolizers)</td>
<td>25 mg/dose and 50 mg/day (37.5 mg/dose and 100 mg/day for CYP2D6 intermediate or extensive metabolizers)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TD (off-label) Typical dosing range (mg/day): 25-75 Comments: Give in divided doses: increase from initial dose of 25-50 mg/day by 12.5 mg/week to maximum of 150-200 mg/day. Retitrat dose for treatment interruptions of more than 5 days. Test for CYP2D6 metabolizer status before giving doses &gt; 50 mg/day. Do not exceed 50 mg/day in poor metabolizers or in patients treated with a strong inhibitor of CYP2D6.</td>
<td>200 mg/day in divided doses</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name® (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name®) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s):
  - Suicidal or untreated/inadequately treated depression in patients with Huntington’s disease
  - Hepatic impairment
  - Taking reserpine, MAOIs, tetrabenazine or valbenazine

- Boxed warning(s): depression and suicidality in patients with Huntington’s disease

Appendix D: Chorea: The Unified Huntington Disease Rating Scale (UHDRS)

- The UHDRS encompasses motor, behavioral, cognitive, and functional components for use in evaluating patients with Huntington disease and is commonly used in both research and clinical practice.
The American Academy of Neurology (AAN) guidelines evaluating pharmacologic therapies for chorea associated with Huntington disease describe the chorea subscore of the UHDRS motor component as a rating of 7 body regions (facial, bucco-oral-lingual, trunk, extremities) on a five-point scale from 0 to 4 with 0 representing no chorea.


Appendix E: Tardive Dyskinesia: General Information

- Medication-induced movement disorders, including tardive dyskinesia, are organized in the DSM V as follows: neuroleptic-induced parkinsonism/other medication-induced parkinsonism, neuroleptic malignant syndrome, medication-induced acute dystonia, medication-induced acute akathisia, tardive dyskinesia, tardive dystonia/tardive akathisia, medication-induced postural tremor, other medication-induced movement disorder, antidepressant discontinuation syndrome, and other adverse effects of medication. 5

- Tardive dyskinesia is a type of movement disorder that occurs secondary to therapy with centrally acting DRBAs (see Appendix F). (DSM V)

- Typical therapeautic drug classes containing DRBAs include first- and second-generation antipsychotics, antiemetics, and tri-cyclic antidepressants (see Appendix G). (DSM V)

- Other therapeutic drug classes containing agents that have been variously associated with movement disorders are listed below: (Waln 2013, Meyer 2014, Lerner 2015)
  - Antiarrhythmics
  - Antibiotics
  - Anticholinergics
  - Antidepressants
  - Antiepileptics
  - Antihistamines
  - Antimanics
  - Bronchodilators
  - Calcium channel blockers
  - Central nervous system stimulants
  - Dopamine agonists
  - Dopamine depleting agents
  - Dopaminergics
  - Glucocorticoids
  - Immunosuppressants
  - Mood stabilizers
  - Muscle relaxants
  - Oral contraceptives

Appendix F: Tardive Dyskinesia: DSM-V Definition

Tardive Dyskinesia (ICD-9 333.85/ICD-10 G24.01)

- Involuntary athetoid or choreiform movements (lasting at least a few weeks) generally of the tongue, lower face and jaw, and extremities (but sometimes involving the pharyngeal, diaphragmatic, or trunk muscles) developing in association with the use of a neuroleptic medication for at least a few months.

- Symptoms may develop after a shorter period of medication use in older persons. In some patients, movements of this type may appear after discontinuation, or after change or reduction in dosage, of neuroleptic medications, in which case the condition is called neuroleptic withdrawal emergent dyskinesia. Because withdrawal emergent dyskinesia is usually time limited, lasting less than 4-8 weeks, dyskinesia that persists beyond this window is considered to be tardive dyskinesia. (DSM V)
### Appendix G: Tardive Dyskinesia: Centrally Acting Dopamine Receptor Blocking Agents (Neuroleptics)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pharmacologic Class</th>
<th>First-generation (typical) antipsychotics</th>
<th>Therapeutic Class</th>
<th>Tri-cyclic antidepressants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phenothiazine</td>
<td>Chlorpromazine, Fluphenazine, Perphenazine, Thioridazine, Thiothixene, Trifluoperazine</td>
<td>Chlorpromazine, Perphenazine, Prochlorperazine, Promethazine*, Thiethylperazine</td>
<td>Amoxapine†</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butyrophendone</td>
<td>Haloperidol</td>
<td>Droperidol</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substituted benzamide</td>
<td></td>
<td>Metoclopramide</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dibenzazepine</td>
<td>Loxapine</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diphenylbutylpiperidine</td>
<td>Pimozide</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Second-generation (atypical) antipsychotics

- Quinolone
- Dibenzazepine
- Piperazine
- Dibenzodiazepine
- Benzisoxazole
- Benzisothiazole
- Thienobenzodiazepine
- Pyrimidinone
- Aripiprazole, brexpiprazole
- Asenapine
- Cariprazine
- Clozapine, quetiapine
- Iloperidone
- Lurasidone, ziprasidone
- Olanzapine
- Paliperidone, risperidone


*First generation H1 antagonist
**Off-label use
†A dibenzoxapine that shares properties with phenothiazines

### Appendix H: Tardive Dyskinesia: The Abnormal Involuntary Movement Scale (AIMS)

- The AIMS is a clinician-rated 12-item assessment tool developed by the National Institute of Mental Health to evaluate severity of involuntary movements in multiple movement disorders including TD. The AIMS is commonly used in both research and clinical practice.

- AIMS items 1-10 are rated on a 5-point scale (0 - none; 1 - minimal; 2 - mild; 3 - moderate; 4 - severe). Items 1-7 assess dyskinesia severity by body region (items 1-4 orofacial; items 5-7 extremity and trunk). Items 8-10 assess overall severity, incapacitation, and patient awareness respectively - item 8 uses the highest score of any one of items 1-7. Items 11 (dental) and 12 (dentures) are yes/no questions which help characterize lip, jaw, and tongue movements.

- The 2020 American Psychiatric Association (APA) Practice Guideline for the Treatment of Patients With Schizophrenia recommends that patients who have moderate to severe or disabling TD be treated with a reversible VMAT2 inhibitor (i.e., deutetrabenazine,
tetrabenazine, and valbenazine); the guideline notes that the AIMS tool can be instrumental in such decision-making.

- See Munetz 1988 for additional information about the AIMS.

V. Dosage and Administration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indication</th>
<th>Dosing Regimen</th>
<th>Maximum Dose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Huntington’s chorea</td>
<td>6 mg/day (6 mg once daily) PO; may be increased weekly by increments of 6 mg/day to a maximum of 48 mg/day</td>
<td>48 mg/day (18 mg/dose and 36 mg/day in poor CYP2D6 metabolizers)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TD</td>
<td>12 mg/day (6 mg twice daily) PO; may be increased weekly by increments of 6 mg/day to a maximum of 48 mg/day</td>
<td>48 mg/day (18 mg/dose and 36 mg/day in poor CYP2D6 metabolizers)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

VI. Product Availability

Tablets: 6 mg, 9 mg, 12 mg

VII. References


Huntington Disease


Tardive Dyskinesia


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>P&amp;T Approval Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Policy created</td>
<td>05.17</td>
<td>08.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tardive dyskinesia: Added criteria and corresponding appendices.</td>
<td>10.17.17</td>
<td>02.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Huntington’s chorea: Added age requirement per prescribing information. Added preferencing for tetrabenazine per SDC. Both indications: Added requirement for no concomitant use of xenazine or valbenazine for both initial and re-auth requests.</td>
<td>11.27.17</td>
<td>02.18</td>
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<tr>
<td>Policies combined for Centene Medicaid and Commercial lines of business.</td>
<td>02.05.18</td>
<td>05.18</td>
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<tr>
<td>2Q 2018 annual review: no significant changes; modified continued approval duration for Medicaid for 6 to 12 months; references reviewed and updated.</td>
<td>02.26.19</td>
<td>05.19</td>
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<tr>
<td>2Q 2019 annual review: no significant changes; added HIM line of business; references reviewed and updated.</td>
<td>02.11.20</td>
<td>05.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>P&amp;T Approval Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genetic testing and UHDRS scoring added to chorea criteria; AIMS scoring added to TD criteria; related appendices added (D and H); references reviewed and updated.</td>
<td>07.07.20</td>
<td>08.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2Q 2021 annual review: Commercial and HIM lines of business removed per SDC; tetrabenazine trial added for TD and Appendix B updated to reflect this; dosing and contraindications updated in Appendix C; APA guideline clarification added in Appendix H; references reviewed and updated.</td>
<td>03.04.21</td>
<td>05.21</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Important Reminder**

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. “Health Plan” means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan’s affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to
recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

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**Note:**

For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

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